The Rt Hon Mel Stride MP
Financial Secretary to the Treasury
The Treasury
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Address for correspondence: c/o Hall Liddy Chartered Accountants 12 St John Street Manchester M3 4DY

Wednesday 20 September 2017

Dear Mr Stride

Update: Pensions Savings Annual Allowance and retention of key NHS employees

I am writing on behalf of the Association of Independent Specialist Medical Accountants (AISMA) and its members to follow up on our letter of 12 October 2016. The letter (copy enclosed) highlighted the significant issues surrounding the recruitment and retention of senior health professionals within the NHS, which are being driven in part by the changes to the taxation of pension savings introduced in the 2015 Summer Budget.

By way of background, AISMA is a network of 75 accountancy practices who provide accountancy and taxation advice to NHS GPs, consultants and other health professionals. The network acts for close to 50% of GP practices in the UK.

What has changed

Throughout the last 12 months our members have been reporting the following:

- Significant rises in taxation, with bills falling due in January 2018. This is because
 members of the NHS pension scheme are not able to cap their pensionable earnings.
 In many cases tax charges exceed the tax relief available on the contributions being
 paid. As a result, some GPs are paying tax on money they are not actually earning.
- 2. GPs who are not anticipating a significant increase in their tax bills will have serious cashflow problems. This is because the NHS pension scheme rules restrict the scheme paying tax on behalf of individual members, where the tapered rules apply.
- 3. There is a significant rise in GPs and senior doctors withdrawing from the NHS pension scheme entirely. The short term impact is that the contributions to the scheme reduce whereas the liabilities currently in payment do not.
- 4. There is also a significant rise in the number of GPs reducing their working commitment to the NHS as a way of reducing pensionable earnings. While they are not stopping altogether and therefore statistically they remain as NHS employees, we are seeing that the sessions covered are reducing. A good example is GP Out of Hours services where GPs are giving up sessions but continuing to work shifts in the day in their practices.

- 5. In the majority of cases the NHS pension scheme has failed to meet its obligations to provide Pension Savings Statements for 2016/17 and in the case of GPs, for 2015/16. Due to scheme complexities calculations are difficult and have to be done individually. The NHS pension scheme simply cannot cope. This results in:
 - a) a high risk of inaccurate calculations supplied to individual scheme members and HMRC leading to the risk of the wrong tax being levied
 - b) extreme difficulties in completing accurate tax returns in the absence of data from the NHS pension scheme.

As we reported last year this is a direct result of a tax system that disincentivises senior health professionals from performing additional work.

What change is needed now?

AISMA is again asking The Treasury to review the pension savings regime with reference to the Annual Allowance and consider urgently reforming the basis of the charge. As a suggestion:

- 1. As an immediate change, we would ask the Treasury to revise Scheme Pays rules to allow the NHS pension scheme to pay over the tax on the full annual allowance charge including the element arising from the tapered allowance. This would alleviate the immediate cashflow concerns we have around people not being able to pay significantly increased tax in January 2018. This would result in no loss of tax to the Treasury.
- 2. Other changes could take the form of raising the Annual Allowance threshold to a position where it removes the majority of key NHS workers from this charge. This can be justified on the basis that pension growth for higher earners is now effectively capped by the reduced Lifetime Allowance.
- 3. The Government could consider further changes to the NHS pension scheme to allow senior health professionals to cap their pensionable earnings to give them back control over the pension growth they have in any one year.
- 4. Allow the measurement of the Annual Allowance to be linked directly to combined employee and employer contributions, rather than on benefit accrual, on the basis that Public Sector schemes now have to be self-funding. This would reduce the burden of administration on the NHS pension scheme and allow tax payers to complete tax returns more accurately.

Clearly any change would need to be cost neutral to HM Treasury, but the reduced administration cost would partially if not entirely offset the lost taxation.

AISMA believes that there is an immediate requirement to remove the artificial cap on working introduced unintentionally in the 2015 Summer Budget before we see even more senior health professionals reduce their working commitment in the NHS.

We would be happy to meet to discuss this further should you feel this would be beneficial.

Yours sincerely

Andrew Pow Board Member, Association of Independent Specialist Medical Accountants Director, Hall Liddy Chartered Accountants